1	
2	BEFORE THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
3	
4	IN RE: WYOMING REGIONAL HAZE PUBLIC HEARING
5	
6	
7	
8	TRANSCRIPT OF PUBLIC HEARING PROCEEDINGS
9	
10	Pursuant to notice duly given to all parties in
11	interest, this matter came on for public hearing on
12	the 26th day of July, 2013, at the hour of 6:00 p.m.,
13	at the Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission
14	Hearing Room, 2211 King Boulevard, Casper, Wyoming before
15	Ms. Gail Fallon, Hearing Officer, and Ms. Monica Morales
16	also in attendance.
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1

1		I N D E X	DACE
2			PAGE
3	Statement	of Tyler Lower	11
4	Statement	of Michael Easley	13
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

2

Wyoming Reporting Service, Inc. 1.800.444.2826

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Hearing proceedings commenced
3	6:00 p.m., July 26, 2013.)
4	MS. FALLON: We're going to go ahead and
5	get started, if you want to take your seats. Good
6	afternoon. My name is Gail Fallon. I'm from EPA in
7	Denver, Colorado. Thank you all for coming this
8	afternoon. I will be presiding over this hearing today.
9	This hearing is now officially in session.
10	The subject of today's hearing is the
11	Environmental Protection Agency's reproposal to approve a
12	portion of Wyoming's regional haze state implementation
13	plan, or SIP. EPA also proposes to disapprove a portion
14	of the SIP and propose a federal implementation plan, or
15	FIP, for that portion of the SIP.
16	EPA initially proposed its decision in the
17	Federal Register on June 4th, 2012. During the public
18	comment period ending August 3rd, 2012, EPA received
19	comments that caused EPA to go back and reevaluate its
20	proposal. In response to these comments, EPA conducted
21	its own cost analysis for the BART and reasonable
22	progress electric generating units, or EGUs, and EPA also
23	revised its modeling of the visibility improvement for
24	these sources. You will hear more detail regarding the
25	proposal from Monica Morales momentarily.

1	The fact sheet on the table in the back of the
2	room explains how you may submit written comments on
3	EPA's proposal and also gives the Federal Register's
4	citation for the proposal. This hearing is a means for
5	EPA to listen to your comments on the proposed Federal
6	Register notice. But before I turn it over to Monica,
7	let me explain a bit about the process and a few ground
8	rules for the hearing.
9	When EPA takes action on a state implementation
10	plan or federal implementation plan, it is required to do
11	so through rule-making. This rule-making is governed by
12	laws passed by Congress; through SIPs, the Administrative
13	Procedures Act; for FIPs, the Clean Air Act. In either
14	case, EPA must publish a proposed rule in the Federal
15	Register, take public comment on the proposed rule and
16	publish a final rule in the Federal Register after
17	considering the comments.
18	In the case of FIPs, EPA's also required to
19	conduct a hearing, which is what we're doing here today.
20	After considering all the comments, EPA may decide to
21	make changes to the proposal, or it may decide to
22	finalize the rule as proposed.
23	We are here today to listen to your comments.
24	We will attempt to answer any clarifying questions about
25	the process or what's contained in the proposal, but we

1	are not here to explain the basis for the proposal. The
2	Federal Register notice does that. We cannot engage in a
3	back-and-forth discussion of the proposal or respond to
4	your comments during this hearing. The purpose of the
5	hearing is to receive your input. We will consider and
6	respond to all comments received during this hearing, as
7	well as all written comments, in a final Federal Register
8	notice. If you've already made comments, there's no need
9	to repeat them today.
10	We're recording our proceedings here today, so
11	be assured that your comments will be considered. The
12	court reporter sitting to my left will be preparing a
13	transcript of today's proceeding that will be available
14	for anyone who wants to see it. The transcript is part
15	of the record and will be included in the rule-making
16	docket. The rule-making docket is where EPA collects
17	materials it has considered in its rule-making action,
18	including public comments. The docket is available on
19	the internet for review at regulations.gov, or you can
20	view a hard copy in EPA's Denver office. Specific
21	instructions for accessing the docket are described in
22	the Federal Register notice for the proposed rule-making
23	and on the fact sheet that we've made available. The
24	transcript of this hearing will also be available in the
25	rule-making docket.

1	Before we begin taking your comments, first
2	allow me to take a moment to set the stage, that is, to
3	explain how the hearing will be run. After I speak,
4	Monica Morales, who is sitting here at the table with me,
5	will explain the details of the proposed action. She
6	will explain what the State is proposing in its SIP, as
7	well as what EPA is proposing in its FIP, based on the
8	Federal Clean Air Act requirements for regional haze.
9	I will then call people to speak based on the
10	card or the sheet that was filled out when you arrived.
11	We need to keep people's comments brief, five minutes or
12	less, at least in the beginning. Please try to be
13	succinct and on point as you can. If I find that we are
14	straying from the topic at hand, I will interrupt and ask
15	that you please return to the issue before us. If we
16	have time at the end and everyone has had the chance to
17	speak and you have more to say than the five minutes you
18	were given, then I'll allow people to get back up and
19	finish their comments.
20	So that's how we'll proceed. Next to speak is
21	Monica Morales, and she'll explain the proposed action.
22	MS. MORALES: So, good afternoon. My name
23	is Monica Morales. I'm acting director for the State
24	Partnerships and Sustainable Practices Program in EPA's
25	Region 8 office in Denver. As you heard from Ms. Fallon,

1	this hearing concerns EPA's proposed action on a portion
2	of Wyoming's regional haze state implementation plan that
3	addresses requirements pertaining to particulate matter
4	and nitrogen oxides and visibility impacts those
5	pollutants have at wilderness areas and national parks,
6	a/k/a under the regional haze rules Class 1 areas.
7	Our proposed action was published in the
8	Federal Register on June 10th, 2013. We are required by
9	consent decree to finalize a proposed action on Wyoming's
10	regional haze plan for nitrogen oxides and particulate
11	matter by November 21st, 2013.
12	So, when you signed in, there was a regional
13	haze fact sheet. If any of you are interested, if you
14	didn't get that, feel free to take one. This fact sheet
15	provides a general background of EPA's regional haze rule
16	and explains some of the terms and acronyms that will be
17	discussed during the hearing. I encourage those of you
18	who are not familiar with the regional haze rule to take
19	a look at the fact sheet. We have also posted the fact
20	sheet on EPA's Region 8 website.
21	In response to a June 13th request from the
22	Wyoming governor, the EPA is holding today's public
23	hearings in addition to the hearings held on June 24th of
24	this year and July 17th. The EPA is also extending the
25	comment period to August 26th, 2013. The Federal

### Regional Haze Hearing

1	Register notice announcing the additional hearings and
2	the new closing date for the comment period was published
3	on July 8th.
4	In our June 10, 2013 actions, we are proposing
5	to approve the majority of Wyoming's regional haze SIP
6	for the particulate matter nitrogen oxides.
7	Specifically, we are proposing approval of the State's
8	best available retrofit technology, a/k/a BART,
9	determinations for nitrogen oxides for four electrical
10	generating units, or EGUs, at PacifiCorp's Jim Bridger
11	plant, one electrical generating unit at PacifiCorp's
12	Naughton plant and four units at two trona plants.
13	We are proposing to approve the State's
14	particulate matter determinations under BART for all of
15	the units in Wyoming that are subject to BART
16	requirements. We are also proposing to approve the
17	State's regional progress determinations for nitrogen
18	oxides and particulate matter for the oil and gas sources
19	and for one cement plant.
20	We are proposing to disapprove and put in place
21	a federal plan for the best available retrofit technology
22	determinations and the emission limits associated with
23	those determinations for NOx at eight electrical
24	generating units. And those facilities would be

PacifiCorp's Dave Johnston Units 3 and 4, Naughton Units

2.1

22

23

24

25

9

- 1 1 and 2 and Wyodak Unit 1 and Basin Electric's Laramie 2 River Units 1, 2 and 3. For these PacifiCorp and Basin Electric units, we disagree with the State's conclusion 3 that low NOx burners and over-fired air combustion 4 controls represent BART for NOx. 5 6 We are instead proposing the use of selective noncatalytic reduction, or SNCR, controls for two of 7 these units, those being PacifiCorp's Dave Johnston Unit 8 9 4 and PacifiCorp's Wyodak Unit 1. We are proposing the use of selective catalytic reduction, or SCR, controls 10 11 for PacifiCorp's Dave Johnston Unit 3, PacifiCorp's Naughton Units 1 and 2 and Basin Electric Laramie River 12 13 Units 1, 2 and 3. SNCR and SCR are more efficient controls that 14
- cost more than low NOx burners for removal of nitrogen
  oxides from stack gases prior to release into the
  atmosphere. EPA is specifically seeking comment on an
  alternative proposal related to the Jim Bridger plant
  and the timing for installation of the NOx emission
  controls for that facility.
  - As part of the public comment process and explaining in detail throughout our notice, EPA is specifically requesting that interested parties provide any additional information that EPA may not be aware of regarding our proposed BART determinations, including

#### Regional Haze Hearing

1 control technology determinations and the timing of 2 compliance, both for the proposed state and federal 3 plans. EPA will consider all public comments and 4 information received, including additional options for 5 6 control technologies and timing before issuing a final 7 action. As detailed in our notice, supplemental information we receive may lead us to adopt a final state 8 9 plan or a final federal plan that reflect a different level of BART control or may impact other proposed 10 11 regulatory provisions which are different from our proposed notice. 12 13 In addition, we are proposing to disapprove and 14 have a federal plan for the reasonable progress 15 determinations. Those are different from best available 16 retrofit technology options. For those facilities, we are proposing limits for nitrogen oxides for two 17 electrical generating units. These units, again, are not 18 19 subject to the BART requirements. These units are Units 2.0 1 and 2 of PacifiCorp's Dave Johnston plant. 2.1 Again, we disagree with the State's 22 determination in this case that it is not reasonable to 23 impose additional NOx controls on these two units at this 24 time to achieve reasonable progress. We are proposing

the use of low NOx burners for these two units instead.

#### Regional Haze Hearing

1 As it has done with other states, EPA has 2 worked and will continue to work with Wyoming Department 3 of Environmental Quality and the affected facilities on this important issue. We are accepting written comments. 4 Written comments must be received by EPA on or before 5 6 August 26th, 2013. As I noted earlier, this is an 7 extension from the August 9th date that is referenced in our June 10th proposal. 8 9 We encourage your comments, and we will consider all comments in finalizing our action on the 10 11 State's regional haze and visibility plans and in our 12 federal plan. 13 Thank you, and thank you for attending today. 14 I'll now turn it back over to Ms. Fallon to go ahead and 15 start comment. 16 MS. FALLON: As you present testimony, please come to the table next to the court reporter and 17 spell your name. Make sure we have it in the record 18 19 correctly. And if you have written testimony that you'd 2.0 like to hand, you can give that to me as you come up or 2.1 leave, your choice. 22 The first commenter is Tyler Lower. 23 MR. LOWER: I didn't prepare a speech, so 24 it's going to be kind of off the cuff. Tyler Lower,

T-Y-L-E-R L-O-W-E-R. As a lifetime resident of Wyoming

- 1 and a constituent and a son of a 20-plus-year employee of 2 Laramie River Station, I believe that the catalytic -- I
- 3 don't know how you put it or whatever. The catalytic
- 4 restriction, I guess you could say, on the emissions in
- 5 Laramie River Station would be very costly to the
- 6 taxpayer and also to people that need to buy the power
- 7 from the power plant.
- 8 The cost to install the equipment has to come
- 9 from somewhere. That's going to ultimately come from the
- 10 people paying for the electricity. The company, that's
- 11 their source of income, is the people that paid for the
- 12 electricity. And so, therefore, it's going to come out
- of the everyday working man's pay to pay for that
- 14 equipment.
- I also have concern as to the restriction it
- 16 would put on the generator units to put those on there.
- 17 In theory, I would believe that the restriction would
- 18 reduce the efficiency of units, causing them to burn more
- 19 coal in the long run.
- 20 And that's my main question to you, as well as
- 21 my statement.
- MS. FALLON: Finished?
- MR. LOWER: That's all I had.
- MS. FALLON: Thank you, Mr. Lower.
- 25 Next Michael Easley.

1	MR. EASLEY: My name is Michael E. Easley.
2	Thank you for allowing me to appear today. I'm the chief
3	executive officer for Powder River Energy Corporation.
4	It's the largest electric cooperative in Wyoming.
5	Electricity affordability and responsible
6	regulation are increasingly important issues to the state
7	of Wyoming, its electric utilities and the customers that
8	we are all privileged to serve. My perspective begins
9	with that of the individual customer at the end of the
10	line and expands to a broader perspective.
11	PRECorp is a customer-owned electric utility
12	and the largest electric cooperative in Wyoming, serving
13	350 megawatts of industrial, commercial and rural
14	residential customers. Our cooperative was formed in
15	1945 by a group of concerned citizens who decided not to
16	wait for electricity to be brought to them. Instead,
17	they brought electricity to themselves.
18	PRECorp's service territory now covers 17,100
19	square miles in northeast Wyoming and southern Montana.
20	Our service territory is larger than the states of
21	Massachusetts and New Hampshire combined. Powder River
22	is unique among rural electric cooperatives due to our
23	high percentage of industrial and commercial load, a good
24	portion of which is providing electric service to coal,
25	natural gas and oil companies in the Powder River Basin.

1	I'd like to share with you PRECorp's mission
2	statement. Powder River Energy, your electric
3	cooperative, will deliver high-quality, competitively-
4	priced electric power and services to our member-owners,
5	while enhancing the quality of life by providing
6	leadership and service in our communities.
7	As part of that mission, we've identified areas
8	where we believe member and community engagement are
9	critical to our communities and our membership. We
10	strive to assure that our members are connected to the
11	cooperative issues through innovation, education and
12	communication. We also support political relevancy in
13	areas where there is impact to our member-owners.
14	Lastly, we strive to maintain a proactively balanced
15	regulatory framework.
16	Last week the governor of Wyoming shared his
17	concerns with a recently prepared federal implementation
18	plan for regional haze. He cites four separate items.
19	The EPA proposal harms ratepayers. The EPA plan is
20	unreasonable. The EPA proposal has not been a
21	cooperative effort and does not give deference to states
22	as Congress mandated. And winners and losers are created
23	through an agenda-driven regulatory process.
24	The CEO of Basin Electric, Andy Serri's,
25	concerns echo those of Governor Mead concerning the

1	requirement to add control equipment installation at the
2	Laramie River Station. These proposed FIP additions make
3	no visible difference in the regional haze amounts in
4	Wyoming other than the additional revenue needed to place
5	the FIP in effect. And the proposed additions are
6	clearly not cost effective.
7	PRECorp's objective is to maintain a balanced
8	regulatory framework. The proposed EPA FIP clearly tips
9	the scales in the favor of costly regulation, with little
10	to no gain for the citizens of Wyoming. The EPA's FIP
11	would cost an additional 1.2 billion more than Wyoming's
12	SIP over the next 20 years. Adding over a billion for
13	the federal regulatory requirements and then millions in
14	annual costs towards the administration and oversight is
15	arbitrary and certainly an abuse of the discretion the
16	EPA could have exercised. Wyoming has always been a
17	proactive leader in managing its energy and natural
18	resources. And Powder River Energy, its largest electric
19	cooperative, has shown leadership in that area, as well.
20	Our member-owners have been proactive in
21	managing many regulatory requirements, spill preventions
22	in our substations, avian and sage grouse protection of
23	our power lines. We proudly spend hundreds of thousands
24	of dollars each and every year because we understand how
25	to balance the conflicts between the environment and the

1	impacts of our existence upon it. The benefits are
2	tangible and the costs are reasonable.
3	This is clearly not the case with the proposed
4	takeover of Wyoming's air quality program by the EPA.
5	Speaking on behalf of our 12,000 members, we urge the EPA
6	to withdraw its FIP and approve Wyoming's plan in its
7	entirety.
8	Thank you for this opportunity to testify.
9	MS. FALLON: Thank you, Mr. Easley.
10	Is there anyone else who would like to present?
11	(No response.)
12	MS. FALLON: So we'll go off the record
13	for now.
14	(Hearing proceedings recessed
15	6:28 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.)
16	MS. FALLON: So we'll go back on the
17	record so we can close this evening's session. Thank you
18	all for coming. The hearing is now officially over. We
19	encourage anyone who intends to submit any written
20	comments before the end of the comment period to do so
21	sooner, rather than later. This will allow EPA more time
22	to consider and appropriately respond to comments. Thank
23	you.
24	(Hearing proceedings concluded
25	7:01 p.m., July 26, 2013.)

1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I, RANDY A. HATLESTAD, a Registered Merit
4	Reporter, do hereby certify that I reported by machine
5	shorthand the proceedings contained herein constituting a
6	full, true and correct transcript.
7	
8	Dated this 12th day of August, 2013.
9	
10	
11	
12	alleo
13	Randy a Hatlestan
14	RAPDY A. HATLESTAD
15	Registered Merit Reporter
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	